# Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5) 

Math Warm Up
Write the problem AND answers in the table below.

Add three to any number then divide by two

Divide any number by two then add three

| My Thinking | Correct/Compare |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |

# Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5) 

Math Warm Up
Write the problem AND answers in the table below.

| - | My Thinking | Correct/Compare |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Add three to any number then <br> divide by two | $\frac{x+3}{2}$ |  |
| Divide any number by two <br> then add three | $\frac{x}{2}+3$ |  |

## Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5)

## Objective

TSW solve linear equations with one variable by simplifying expressions using distributive property AND

(adding, subtracting,

Linear equations can be used to solve mathematical and realworld problems. A linear equation with one variable can have one solution, no solution, or infinitely many solutions.

## multiplying and dividing on both

 sides of the equal sign)- Common Core State Standards 8.EE. 7 Solve linear equations with one variable

8EE 7 Solve linear equations in one variable.
8EE 7a Give examples of linear equations in one variable with one solution, infinity many solutions, or no solutions 8EE 7b Solve linear equations with rational number coefficients

- Mathematical Practices 1 Solve problems/persevere 2 Reason 4 Model Mathematics 7 Look for and use structure


## Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5)

## Use the distributive property to

 simplifyThe Distributive Property is an algebra property which is used to multiply a single term and two or more terms inside a set of parentheses. Take a look at the problem below.
$2(4+3)$

## Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5)

## Use the distributive property to simplify

The Distributive Property is an algebra property which is used to multiply a single term and two or more terms inside a set of parentheses. Take a look at the problem below.
$2(4+3)$ $\overparen{2(4+3)}$ $2 \times 4+2 \times 3$

14

# Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5) 

Use the distributive property to simplify


# Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5) 

$$
\begin{gathered}
4(y+3) \\
4(y+3)
\end{gathered}
$$

## Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5)

Use the distribute property to simplify

## $n(n-9)$

# Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5) 




# Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5) 

Use distribute property to simplify

$$
(2-n) 8
$$

# Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5) 

$$
\xrightarrow[(2-n) 8]{(2-n) 8}
$$

## Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5)

http://www.showme.com/sh/?h=ud1msAC

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 7-(6 x-9) \\
& -6 x+9
\end{aligned}
$$

## Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5)

## Example 1 Solve linear equations involving the distributive property.

## $\frac{3 x}{4}-\frac{2 x+1}{4}=-1.5$

Rewrite the left side as a single fraction. Use the distributive property.

Simplify the numerator.


## Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5)

## Example 1 Solve linear equations involving the distributive property.

$$
\frac{3 x}{4}-\frac{2 x+1}{4}=-1.5 .
$$

Solution

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{3 x}{4}-\frac{2 x+1}{4} & =-1.5 \\
\frac{3 x-(2 x+1)}{4} & =-1.5 \\
\frac{3 x-2 x-1}{4} & =-1.5 \\
\frac{x-1}{4} & =-1.5 \\
\frac{x-1}{4} \cdot 4 & =-1.5 \cdot 4 \\
x-1 & =-6 \\
x-1+1 & =-6+1 \\
x & =-5
\end{aligned}
$$

Rewrite the left side as a single fraction.
Use the distributive property.

Simplify the numerator.

Multiply both sides by 4 .
Simplify.
Add 1 to both sides.
Simplify.

Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5)
Guided Practice
Solve each linear equation.
(1) $\frac{2 x}{3}-\frac{2+x}{3}=-4$

Use the distributive property.
Simplify the numerator.

## Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5)

## Guided Practice

## Solve each linear equation.

1) $\frac{2 x}{3}-\frac{2+x}{3}=-4$

$$
\begin{array}{rlrl}
\frac{2 x}{3}-\frac{2+x}{3} & =-4 & & \\
\frac{?}{3} & =-4 & & \text { Rewrite the left side as a single fraction. } 2 x-(2+x) \\
\frac{?}{3} & =-4 & & \text { Use the distributive property. } 2 x-2-x \\
\frac{?}{3} & =-4 & & \text { Simplify the numerator. } x-2 \\
\frac{?}{3} \cdot \frac{?}{?} & =-4 \cdot \frac{?}{?} & & \text { Multiply both sides by } \frac{?}{?} x-2 ; 3 ; 3 ; 3 \\
\frac{?}{?}+\frac{?}{x} & =\frac{?}{?}+\frac{?}{?} & & \begin{array}{l}
\text { Simplify. } x-2 ;-12 \\
\text { Add } \frac{?}{} \text { to both sides. } x-2 ; 2 ;-12 ; 2 ; 2
\end{array} \\
\text { Simplify. }-10
\end{array}
$$

# Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5) 

## Guided Practice

(2) $0.6(1-x)+0.2(x-5)=10$

# Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5) 

## Guided Practice

$$
0.6(1-x)+0.2(x-5)=10 x=-26
$$

# Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5) 

## Guided Practice

$$
\text { (3) } \frac{3 x}{5}+\frac{x-1}{3}=\frac{2}{15}
$$

# Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5) 

## Guided Practice

(3) $\frac{3 x}{5}+\frac{x-1}{3}=\frac{2}{15} \quad x=\frac{1}{2}$

Lesson 3.1 Solving Linear Equations with one Variable (Day 5)

Independent Practice \#1-3

Practice 3.1
(1) $4 x-(10-x)=\frac{15}{2}$
(2) $0.5(x+1)-1=0.2$

Challenge- Solve created equation
Homework

|  |  | Dats |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weonssoy Homework Evaluating Dxcreasions |  |
| When finding the value of an exprossion with mere than one operation, perform the cperations in the order specfied by the arder of operations. <br> Order of Operations <br> 1. Parform all operaticns within grouping symbois first; start with the innemnost grouping symbals. <br> 2. Evaluats all powers before ofer operations. <br> 3. Muliply and divide in order from left to right. <br> 4. Add and subtract in ordar from let to right. |  |  |
| Evaluate each expression. |  |  |
| 1. $4 \times 5+8$ |  | 2. $16-12 \div 4$ |
| 3. $14 \div 2+3(5)$ |  | 4. $5-6 \times 2 \div 3$ |
| 5. $2 \cdot 3^{2}+10-14$ |  | 6. $2^{2}+32 \div 8-5$ |
| 7. $(10+5) \div 3$ |  | 8. $5^{2} \cdot(8-6)$ |
| 9. $(17-5)(6+5)$ |  | 10. $3+7(14-8 \div 2)$ |
| 11. $5[24-(6+8)]$ |  | 12. $\frac{14}{3^{2}-2}$ |
| Challonge |  |  |
| Evaluate each expression if $a=3, b=5$, and $c=6$. |  |  |
| 13. $a+3 b$ | 14. $4 b-3 c$ | 15. $2 a-b+5 c$ |
| 16. $(a b)^{2}$ | 17. $a(b+c)$ | 18. $3(b c-8) \div a$ |

Lesson Check \#1 Solve linear equation with one variable

