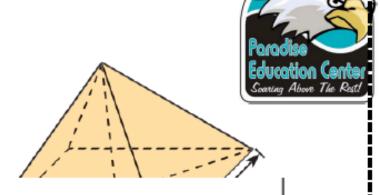


Week 8 Wednesday Course 3 Warm-up

Volume =
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 · Area of base · Height

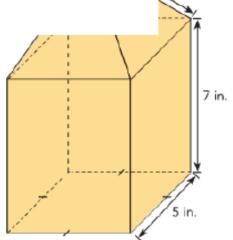
Find the volume of the square pyramid



Volume of pyramid =
$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{Area of base} \cdot \text{Height}$$

= $\frac{1}{3} \cdot 25 \cdot \sqrt{23.5}$ Use the exact value of height.

≈ 40.4 in³ Round to the nearest tenth.



Objective

TSW understand concept of dilation

*drawing images after dilation

*find coordinates of points after dilation

*find the center of dilation



Geometric transformations move figures about on a plane. Each type of transformation changes some properties of a figure, but leaves other properties unchanged.

Common Core State Standards

8G1 Verify experimentally the properties of rotations, reflections, and translations.

8G1 c Parallel lines are taken to parallel lines

Mathematical Practices MP3 Construct arguments MP 4 Model Mathematics MP5 Use tools strategically

'n	
-	8.4 Rotations Day 1
_	TSW understand concept of dilation
	*drawing images after dilation
	*find coordinates of points after
-	dilation
-[*find the center of dilation
_	Vocabulary
_	Dilation- the enlargement or reduction of a figure
	Scale Factor
-	
-	
	Center of Dilation
-[

Vocabulary

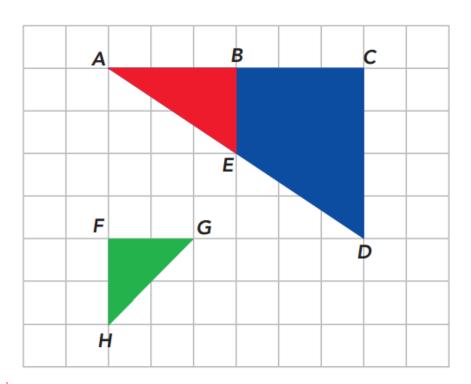
Dilation- the enlargement or reduction of a figure Scale Factor

Scale factor =
$$\frac{\text{Distance from the center of dilation to image point}}{\text{Distance from the center of dilation to original point}}$$

Center of Dilation

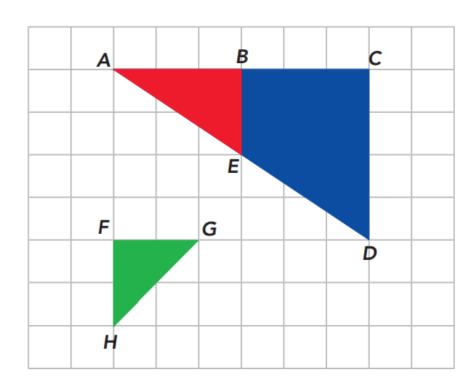
Example 14 Understand the concept of dilation.

Mrs. Tonelli cuts three triangles from colored paper and pastes them on a board. Which triangles are dilations of one another?



Example 14 Understand the concept of dilation.

Mrs. Tonelli cuts three triangles from colored paper and pastes them on a board. Which triangles are dilations of one another?



Solution

 $\triangle ABE$ and $\triangle ACD$ are dilations of one another, because they have a center of dilation, A, and the sides of $\triangle ACD$ are twice as long as the sides of $\triangle ABE$.

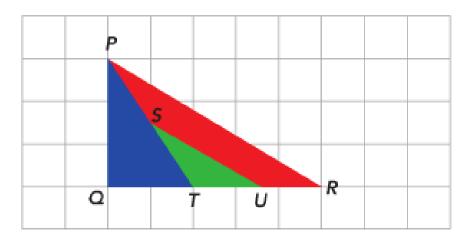
 \triangle FGH is not a dilation of the other two triangles, since it does not share a center of dilation with them.

Guided Practice

Solve.

1 Which triangles are dilations of one another? Explain.

a)

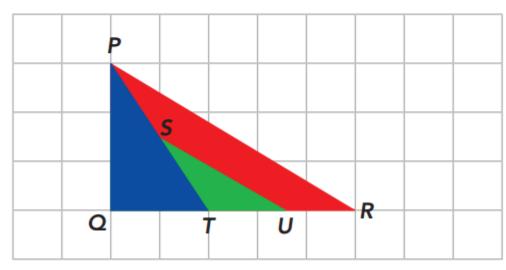


Guided Practice

Solve.

1 Which triangles are dilations of one another? Explain.

a)



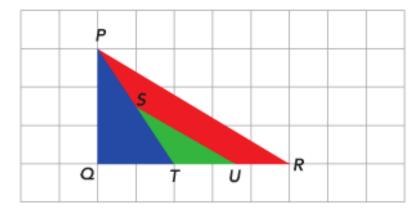
 $\triangle STU$ and $\triangle PTR$; The dilation, T, and the si twice as long as the s

Guided Practice

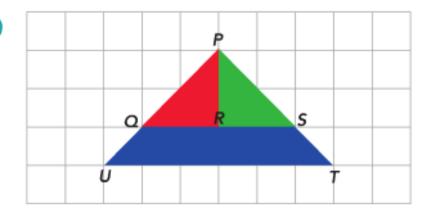
Solve.

1 Which triangles are dilations of one another? Explain.

a)



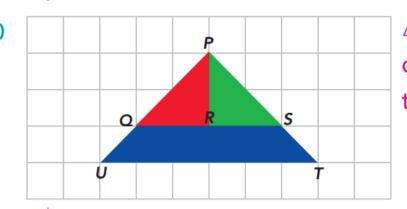
b)



Guided Practice

Solve.

1 Which triangles are dilations of one another? Explain.



 $\triangle PQS$ and $\triangle PUT$; They have a center of dilation, P, and the sides of $\triangle PUT$ are $1\frac{1}{2}$ times as long as the sides of $\triangle PQS$.

Example 15 Find the dimensions of figures after dilations.

Mrs. Marquez is making pancakes on a griddle. At first, the pancake batter forms a 4-inch circle. It flows to become a bigger circle. The scale factor of the dilation is 1.5. Find the diameter of the pancake.



Example 15 Find the dimensions of figures after dilations.

Mrs. Marquez is making pancakes on a griddle. At first, the pancake batter forms a 4-inch circle. It flows to become a bigger circle. The scale factor of the dilation is 1.5. Find the diameter of the pancake.

Solution

The pancake is a dilated image of the pancake batter.

Diameter of pancake = Diameter of pancake batter \cdot Scale factor = $4 \cdot 1.5$ = 6 in.

The diameter of the pancake is 6 inches.



Guided Practice

Copy and complete.

- 2 A rectangle has coordinates A (5, 1), B (3, 1), C (3, 4), and D (5, 4).
 - a) Find the length and width of ABCD.

The length of ABCD is ? units. Its width is ? units.

b) Find the length and width of the image of ABCD when dilated with scale factor 2.

Length of image: $? \cdot ? = ?$ units

Width of image: ? · ? = ? units

c) Find the length and width of the image of ABCD when dilated with scale factor $\frac{1}{2}$.

Length of image: ? · ? = ? units

Width of image: ? \cdot ? = ? units

d) What are the coordinates of the image rectangle under each dilation if the center of dilation is at the origin?

	Scale Factor 2	Scale Factor $\frac{1}{2}$
A maps onto	(_?,_?_)	(_?,_?)
B maps onto	((
C maps onto	(_?,_?_)	(_?,_?)
D maps onto	((

You may want to draw the rectangle and its images on the coordinate plane to solve c).

Guided Practice

Copy and complete.

- 2 A rectangle has coordinates A (5, 1), B (3, 1), C (3, 4), and D (5, 4).
 - a) Find the length and width of ABCD.

The length of ABCD is _? units. Its width is _? units. 3; 2

b) Find the length and width of the image of *ABCD* when dilated with scale factor 2.

Length of image: ? · ? = ? units 3; 2; 6

Width of image: ? · ? = ? units 2; 2; 4

c) Find the length and width of the image of ABCD when dilated with scale factor $\frac{1}{2}$.

3: $\frac{1}{2}$: $\frac{1}{2}$

Length of image: ? · ? = ? units $3; \frac{1}{2}; 1\frac{1}{2}$ Width of image: ? · ? = ? units $2; \frac{1}{2}; 1$

d) What are the coordinates of the image rectangle under each dilation if the center of dilation is at the origin?

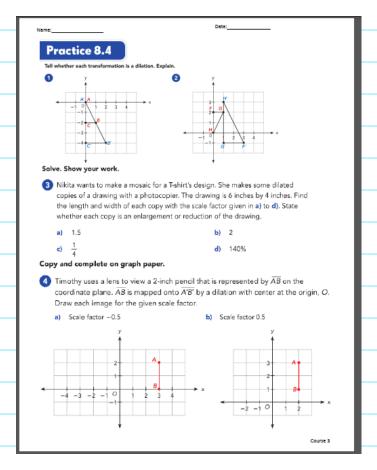
	Scale Factor 2	Scale Factor $\frac{1}{2}$
A maps onto	(_?,_?)	(_?,_?)
B maps onto	(_?,_?)	(_?,_?_)
C maps onto	(_?,_?)	(_?,_?)
D maps onto	(_?,_?)	(_?,_?)

You may want to draw the rectangle and its images on the coordinate plane to solve c).

See margin.

d)	Scale factor 2: (10, 2); (6, 2)
	(6, 8); (10, 8)
	Scale factor $\frac{1}{2}$: (2.5, 0.5);
	(1.5, 0.5); (1.5, 2); (2.5, 2)

Practice 8.4 #1-3



Challenge-

*Solve created equations "Pick a Snowflake" *BuzzMath



Lesson Check #1- understand the meaning of dilation



How are the ideas and information presented CONNECTED to what you already knew?

What new ideas did you get that EXTENDED or pushed your thinking in new directions?

What is still CHALLENGING or confusing for you to get your mind around? What questions, wonderings or puzzles do you now have?